

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXIII. No. 13

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, APRIL 28th. 1932

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

Announcement

Special Demonstration and
Display

—OF—

COMPO Leather

REAL LEATHER IN PLASTIC FORM

For resoling shoes, repairing tires, auto
tops, leather coats and any
leather material.

See the factory representative
at this store

Saturday, May 7th., 1932

Wm. Laut

Car Owners!

It pays in the long run to have your car
overhauled by us. We know your car and
its troubles. No guess work. We have the
proper factory tools and wrenches. No cold
chisel and hammer work. Our rates are
reasonable.

EVERYTHING A GARAGE
SHOULD BE.

CROSSFIELD GARAGE

F. T. BAKER, Proprietor

Phone 4

Crossfield, Alberta.

BABY CHICKS

Will soon be arriving, and must be kept warm and healthy.
For Brooder Stoves we recommend GALT Stove
COAL at \$6.50 per ton—it works all the time.

A small sack of lime will make enough Whitewash
to keep the brooder house clean and sanitary.

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.

HARRY R. FITZPATRICK

Member

Phone 15

W.R.L.A.

Fertilize Your Garden

WE CAN SUPPLY YOU WITH

Ammonium Phosphate

5 lb. carton	75c
25 lb. sack	2.00
50 lb. sack	3.00
100 lb. sack	4.00

W. K. Gibson

TELEPHONE 68

GET YOUR
SCHOOL SUPPLIES
AND
STATIONERY
AT THE
Chronicle Stationery Store

Highway Opened on Saturday

After being blocked from Wednesday, April 20th, the highway was opened by a provincial snow-plow on Saturday, arriving here at 9 p.m. About 30 cars and trucks followed the plow into town, many of whom had been on the road since Wednesday. The plow continued into Calgary and all cars were able to get into the city.

The highway is in bad shape and although it is possible to get through to Calgary, it is necessary to get towed for two miles with a team eight miles south of Crossfield.

Highway Closed to Trucks and Busses

The Department of Public Works issued orders that no trucks or busses will be allowed on the highway until May 7th. A few may feel that this is an inconvenience, but the highways have been built with taxpayers' good money and must be protected.

TAX PENALTIES MAY BE CANCELLED

About the first glimmer of common sense we have ever seen in the tax business was provided in the amendment to the Tax Arrears Consolidation Act, by which councils are permitted to cancel the whole or any part of all penalties which have been previously added to taxes in arrears under certain conditions as to payment. For once it seems to be recognized that if a taxpayer finds it impossible to meet his net taxes on December 31st, it is extremely unlikely that he can meet them on January 2nd following, with 5 per cent penalty added; still less is it likely he can meet them on July 2nd, with another 5 per cent added and so on year by year.

The idea of the 5 per cent penalty was, of course, to scare people into paying taxes by December 31st. The scheme hasn't been working with lots of taxpayers, who may be scared all right, but still unable to pay. Our opinion is that the penalty system should be completely wiped out. A better way to collect taxes is to offer liberal discounts at stated periods. Then, if taxes are not paid by January 1st in each year, it would be fair to charge interest at the rate of say, 7 per cent per annum, not 5 per cent in one lump as a penalty, followed by another 5 per cent on July 1st.

We will bet that the councils of all the towns and cities in Alberta would be more than willing to give a clear receipt in full right up to January 1st, 1932, if they could just collect their actual tax arrears without penalties or interest.—Vegreville Observer.

TOM FIELDHOUSE HAD NARROW ESCAPE

While plowing on the lower place, east of the R. late last week, with a John Deere tractor and three bottom plow, the seat upon which I was sitting broke loose and seat and I fell between the tractor and the oncoming plow.

I barely escaped serious injury or death by accidently grabbing hold of the back end of the engine and holding on until I could climb onto the draw bar of the plow and "tight rope walk" that back and stop the engine. As it was I was dragged 10 or 12 feet amidst visions of being plowed and harrowed under for future germination or sliced in two with the rolling cutters, like a cold roast for lunch.

Other than a few bruises and scratches, (and a morbid desire to "wriggle" the next seat before I sit upon it) I was fortunate and thankful to be in one piece.

In case some may think you made a misprint and accuse Tom of being bucked off of an engine I will sign this confession.

ELSIE FIELDHOUSE

Wilma Thompson Improving

Wilma Thompson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Verne Thompson who has been seriously ill from the effects of an infected tooth, took a turn for the better on Wednesday night, and is now getting along nicely.

Al Hunter Minus His Appendix But Feeling Fine

A. J. Hunter, who recently underwent an operation for appendicitis at Calgary, returned to town on Wednesday, and is feeling fine, although it will be a week or two before he will be able to return to work. Gordon Young is looking after the elevator during his absence.

Crossfield Pioneer Passes

George Landymore Resident of District For Twenty-seven Years Died on Wednesday Morning

One of the old-timers of the Crossfield district, in the person of George Landymore, passed away on Wednesday morning, April 27th at the age of sixty-five years, from heart trouble following an illness of twelve days with flu and pleurisy.

The deceased was born in Walsingham Le Willow, Suffolk, England, and came to Crossfield, Alberta in 1890, residing there until 1895, when he returned to England and married Miss Elizabeth Serivenger of Norfolk. He returned to Canada in 1896, taking up his residence in the Midnapore district, where he resided until 1905, when he came to Crossfield, and settled on his homestead six miles west of town, where he has made his home since then.

He leaves to mourn his loss his widow Elizabeth Landymore, and five daughters and three sons, namely, Mrs. A. Bailey, Crossfield; Mrs. Bottington, Mrs. W. A. Hurt, Miss Lillian, all of Calgary; Mrs. Muriel of Innisfail, Win, Ralph, and Harold, all of Crossfield; and three sisters Mrs. Garwood and Mrs. Borbridge of Crossfield; Mrs. Lilley in England, and four brothers, Harry and Eliza in England; Alfred in Coburg, Ont., Leonard in Calgary.

Funeral services will be held on Friday afternoon from the United Church, intermediate thereafter in the Crossfield cemetery.

The following old-timers and neighbors of the deceased will act as pallbearers: Wm. Stauffer, Ed. Michel, John Lennon, A. W. Adams, W. Walroth and Geo. Murdoch.

Joseph Trca, Arrested On Theft Charge

Alleged to have perpetrated the theft of seven feed-grinders and over 2,000 feet of link chain, Jos. Trca of Didsbury was arrested last week in Calgary by Detective Jas. Itae, of the city police.

The arrest climaxes a hunt of over a month for a wanted man. A man is said to have stolen the grinders and chain, property of the Trust and Guarantee Company Limited early in March, while supposedly looking them over as a prospective purchaser.

From Calgary the missing articles valued at \$115, found their way to Didsbury, where they are said to have been mounted.

Royal Canadian Mounted Police succeeded in recovering the stolen articles in Didsbury.

A. W. GORDON NOW JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

A. W. Gordon has been appointed to the not very lucrative, but highly important position as Justice of the Peace for Crossfield. Mr. Gordon can be relied on to administer justice without fear or favor, and his appointment should be all to the good.

A BUMPER CROP

Thos. Mair has been very successful with his flock of lambs this spring and to-date has 225, with only one loss. There are many twins and one set of triplets in the flock.

Mayor Williams Handled The Situation in Faultless Manner

Mayor Williams was on the job early on Friday morning, and had a gang of men shovelling snow and opening up the drains so that it would melt and run away without flooding out the business places on Main Street. Frank Hopper was also put to work with his team and a grader, opening up the streets.

Make Your Dollars Go Further

Shoe Prices Down

BELOW MAIL ORDER HOUSES

Men's Black Box Kip Bluchers	\$2.47
Men's Tan Bluchers	2.65
Men's Black Bluchers	2.95
Women's Black Kid	2.38
Women's Oxfords	2.59
Girl's Shoes in patent or black	1.95
Boy's Box Kip from	1.99 to 2.49
Children's Shoes, all sizes	1.00 to \$1.78

Buy in your own home town, and support the
community where you make your living.

Crossfield District Co-Operative Association U. F. A. Limited

When Car Trouble Puzzles You....

Bring the Bus to Us

Life is too short for you to spend your time trying to solve motor riddles. Just bring the car to us and we'll find whatever's wrong—and get it right—no matter what make it happens to be. Our prices are the lowest possible.

The Service Garage

W. J. Wood Phone 11
Tires Accessories Repairs

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Lunch Counter in Connection

Crossfield Phone 54 Alberta.

A Few Second-hand Plows and Tractors

20-30 and 3 furrow plow from \$500.00 to \$650.00
(Plow is new.)

10 per cent discount on all Massey-Harris
sales and on all due notes.

Sharpen Share for	25c
Point Share and Sharpen	\$1.00
Polish Share	10c
Disc Sharpen, if taken down, each	15c

Work Guaranteed

J. M. WILLIAMS

Massey-Harris Agent
Acetylene Welding

Airdrie 33 Phones: Calgary M 1010

Crossfield Transfer

Daily Service from Crossfield to Calgary

ALL LOADS INSURED

FREIGHT, FURNITURE and LIVE STOCK

M. PATMORE Phone 62 CROSSFIELD

Goods may be left at Chronicle office for shipment
to Calgary.

"SALADA"

REDUCES PRICE

C a lb.

BROWN LABEL NOW 30c ½ lb.
YELLOW LABEL NOW 25c ½ lb.
 (OTHER LABELS REMAIN UNCHANGED)

PRICES EFFECTIVE NOW
DO NOT PAY MORE

Grocers - WE WILL PROTECT YOU
AGAINST ALL LOSS - SEE REBATE FORM
WHICH HAS BEEN MAILED TO YOU

Balanced Budgets

The news is flashed around the world that Great Britain, which, only a few months ago, was in dire financial straits, has balanced its budget. It was accomplished by the adoption of rigid economies on the one hand and the imposition of heavier taxation on the other hand.

The United States with a current deficit of over two billions of dollars, is engaged in the task of trying to find a way to balance its budget. Here too, the imposition of new and heavier taxation is being considered as the only way out, with economies in administration receiving less attention than in Great Britain.

The Government of Canada, and the Governments of the various Provinces of Canada, are all engaged in the same work—trying to balance their budgets and the same remedies are being applied, reductions in services to the people coupled with heavier taxation levies.

All municipal bodies and boards of school trustees are likewise employed, but, in the case of these minor governing bodies, more effort is being applied in the reduction of expenditures, and less recourse is being had to the imposition of new taxes; in fact, most municipal councils and schoolboards are striving to reduce taxation.

But what of the individual citizen? He is in the same predicament as governments. He is confronted with greatly decreased income, or none at all, as a result of unemployment or failure of his business to produce the revenue formerly forthcoming and to which he and his family have been accustomed. But the individual does not possess the power to tax, and in these present days he cannot develop new sources of income. If, therefore, he is to balance his budget, and thus avoid bankruptcy, there is only one thing he can do—that is, cut expenditures. Most people have already done so, some to the extreme limit that it is possible to go, others not quite so far. And the ability of the individual citizen to keep within his income is being made more and more difficult by reason of the steadily increasing taxes, which constitute a first charge upon his income.

Out of these financial difficulties, at least one good is developing. The individual citizen, who as a taxpayer is the final source of supply for all governments, is beginning to take a keener, more intelligent interest in the administration of his business by all governmental bodies. When times are fairly prosperous and taxes comparatively light—at least in his more prosperous circumstances he was able to meet them without much trouble—the average citizen gave little heed to where governmental policies and expenditures were leading. He kept on demanding more and more in the way of public services without fully realizing that, in the final analysis, he must pay for them. Now he finds that he must do the paying, and, further, that he must do without some of the services to which he has become accustomed, because he and his fellow taxpayers can no longer afford to maintain them.

Whatever may be said for or against the Russian experiment in government, at least this can be said for it, that in no country in the world, perhaps, have the masses of the people developed quite as alert an interest in their government, its policies, methods and acts. Every Russian today is almost forced to take an interest in the national policies and work of his government. He is being made to realize that he is a cog in that machine, and taken to heart, that as citizen-taxpayer-voter he should apply that same hard business sense to making our decisions at the ballot box that we make in the ordinary everyday business transactions in which we engage. If, in a word, we balance our judgments as citizens and electors, as well as our budgets, then a great future and, it is to be hoped, lasting gain will result from our present difficulties and financial embarrassments.

Must Be Canadian Made

The Moose Jaw Collegiate Board decided that in future all chalk and other supplies be purchased from firms handling "Made in Canada" goods. This motion was put by J. E. Chisholm. His inquiry revealed that the chalk used at the present time was made in the United States.

Production of Italy's silk mills in 1931 was valued at \$79,000,000.

Rapid Growth

Two men met in the village, and after a few minutes conversation, one remarked: "Have you heard about Mr. Smith? Is it true?" "I don't know," replied the other, "but I do know this, if ye net a feather or away at one end of the village I'll be a feather bed before it gets to the other!"

Germany is boosting its auto taxes.

Selected Difficult Work

Blind Man Is Successful Commercial Traveller In Australia
 Of all the work possible for a blind person surely that of a commercial traveller has most difficulties.

Yet news comes from Australia of a man who, though he lost his sight at the age of four, now travels to every town in Western Australia as the representative of a large firm in Perth.

Before taking on this work Mr. Harold Ackland passed the matriculation at 19, and won a University Arts degree at 23. The Braille Society paid his fees, and its members made up for the lack of text books by copying out for him by hand, pages and pages in Braille, and also reading and dictating to him.

Mr. Ackland hoped to take up Law, but this was not possible, and he started his present work. Now he is known to every railway official on the line, has a cheery greeting for them all, and is one of the happiest and busiest men in Western Australia.

Mothers can easily know when their children are troubled with worms, and they lose no time in applying a reliable remedy—Mother's Worm Expeller.

Ruling On School Books

School Readers In Saskatchewan To Be Provided To School Districts
 School readers in Saskatchewan in the next term will be provided to the school districts through the government offices in Regina, and will become the property of the school districts, and not of the pupils as customary in the past. This move may reduce the costs of new readers as high as a quarter, it was said following a meeting of the Educational Council of Saskatchewan.

Where parents object to their children using a reader previously in use by some other child, they will have the option of purchasing readers for their own children, according to the decision of the council.

Teacher: "Can anyone tell what a bridegroom is?"
 Small Boy: "Please, miss, a thing they use at a wedding."

for DANDRUFF
 and Falling Hair, use MILDARD'S exactly as you would any hair tonic. Do this 4 times a week and the result will be a
Clean Head and Glossy Hair

MILDARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

W. N. U. 1939

Care Of Canada's Veterans

Cost To The Country Is In The Neighborhood Of \$35,000,000 Annually
 Care of Canada's veterans of the Great War costs this country in the neighborhood of \$35,000,000 annually, of which the largest item is the \$49,000,000 paid out in war pensions. Relief to unemployed war pensioners, grants to veterans upon advancing years and sicknesses, not directly attributable to war service have removed from the labor market, and other expenditures connected with the care and examination of pension applicants and ex-soldier patients raise the amounts spent as a direct result of the war to the \$55,000,000 mark.

Pension payments are graduated, first in respect of disability, and second, in respect of the former rank of the pensioner. Consideration is also had for the married or unmarried state of the pensioner. For example, a private soldier, married, with two dependent children and awarded a pension for 100 per cent disability, receives \$127.00 a month. This amount is made up as to \$75 for the disability, \$25 for the wife, \$15 for the first child, \$12 for the second. An additional \$10 a month is paid for each additional dependent child.

This scale is stationary up to the rank of lieutenant, from then on, it is graduated higher.

Prominent Military Man Dead

General John Hughes Dies At Bowmanville, Ont., At Advanced Age

General John Hughes, long a prominent figure in military and agricultural circles, and son of an illustrious family, died at Bowmanville, Ont., recently, aged 82. His health had been failing for more than a year.

Brother of the late Sir Sam Hughes and Gen. W. St. Pierre Hughes, deceased saw valorous service with the 10th Battalion in the Northwest Rebellion of 1885. He was present at the operations against the hardy band of Chief Big Bear, and was mentioned in despatches, being awarded a medal with clasp. Later he rose to the command of the 48th regiment.

General Hughes was appointed to command the Sixth Infantry Brigade in March, 1906. Two years later he was transferred to the command of the Fourth Brigade, Second Infantry Division.

In honor of his long connection with Canadian militia he was elected president of the Infantry Association of the Third Division in 1911.

General Hughes found time in later life to take a leading part in the agricultural, educational and commercial affairs of the community where he resided.

Treasure Trove

Party On Cocos Island Expect To Locate Fabulous Wealth

With 10,000 Costa Rican soldiers as guards a group of Pacific North-west treasure hunters are on Cocos Island attempting to locate supposedly fabulous wealth buried there by buccaners and pirate chieftains.

The party consists of 24 men, headed by Col. J. E. Leckie of Vancouver.

Information of the group's activities was received here by Ralph Lomen, president of the company which owns the "Silverwave," a small vessel used by the party in its voyage to the island, 800 miles west of Costa Rica.

The letter from Captain Eldred Tansen, skipper of the "Silverwave," said the Costa Rican soldiers were sent to guard the party's voyage to the island, 800 miles west of Costa Rica.

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Choked For Air. Some little irritant becomes lodged in the bronchial tubes, others gather, and the awful choking of asthma results. Nothing offers quite such quick and positive relief as Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. The healing, soothing smoke of his pencils, clears the passages and gives untold relief. It has behind it years of success. It is the sure remedy for every sufferer.

Fanning the Buck
 "I see Miss Smithers that you have spelled 'receive' with 'e' in one place and 'ie' in another."
 "I'm sorry, sir. One of them was a slip."
 "Well, correct it."
 "Certainly, sir. By the way, which one shall I correct?"
 "M'm—er—why, the one that is wrong of course."

Soaring prices in gasoline have caused motorists in Malaysia to seek low fuel-consumption models.

Wages of building craftsmen and laborers in England have been reduced one cent an hour.

South America's cement production has increased 200 per cent. in five years.

Reductions In Ocean Travel

Canard and Anchor Lines Announce Low Rates To Europe

The Canard and Anchor Lines announce drastic reductions in rates for travel to Europe effective immediately. The reductions will be made in all classes of travel from First Class to Third Class. A reduction of 20 per cent will be made on all First Class, Cabin and Tourist Class rates to Europe. In Third Class, the rates which are already extremely low, have been further reduced by 10 per cent. The reductions will apply to all services of the Canard and Anchor Lines between the United States, Canada and Europe and to all their ships, including the three Express Liners, "Beren-garia," "Aquitania," and "Mauretania."

In addition, the usual "Summer Season" increase has been dispensed with, the new low rates applying all year around. Thus, in effect passengers will be paying as much as 40% less than previously in the summer season. Some idea of the size of these reductions may be obtained from a comparison of the new minimum rates for various classes and steamers. The "Aquitania" and "Beren-garia" formerly \$725 First Class in the summer season is reduced to \$200, the "Mauretania" formerly \$258 is now \$185. Cabin rates for such steamers as the "Francis" and "Carinthia," formerly \$185 to England and \$160 to France, are down to \$124 to England and \$129 to France. The "Scythia," formerly \$188 one way, is now \$122 to British ports and \$127 to France.

Cabin steamers of "A" type, such as the "Aurania," "Alania," and "Ascania," formerly \$135 to England and \$140 to France, now take a rate of \$108 one way, and \$200 round trip to England, and \$113 one way, and \$210 round trip to France.

Tourist Class rates in the "Aquitania" and "Beren-garia," formerly \$122.50 to England, and \$132.50 to France, are now \$98 to England, and \$108 to France one way, and \$178 to England, and \$178 to France round trip. Tourist rates in cabin steamers are as low as \$84 to England.

Miller's Worm Powders do not need the after-hold of castor oil or any purgative to complete their thoroughness, because they are thorough in themselves. One dose of them, and they will be found palatable by all children, will end the worm trouble by making the stomach and bowels untenable to the parasites. And not only this, but the powders will be certain to exert most beneficial influences in the digestive organs.

Memorial Scholarship

M. E. Manning Of University Of Alberta Will Go To Geneva

Award of the Elizabeth Imperial Memorial Scholarship to M. E. Manning, student at the University of Alberta, has been announced by Dr. R. C. Wallace, president of the University. The scholarship will permit Manning to spend the coming summer at the Geneva School of International Studies, and later in attendance at the assembly of the League of Nations as an observer.

It is given by Mr. and Mrs. John M. Inrie in order that a student may have the opportunity to study international political and economic affairs at first hand. The student selected has one more year to study before graduation in law. He is western vice-president of the Canadian Federation of University Students.

Plans Are Blocked

The bill to establish the Waterton-Glacier International Park on the border between Montana and Alberta to stand as a symbol of peace between Canada and the United States, has been temporarily blocked by groups interested in establishing an international peace garden in North Dakota on Turtle Mountain.

Mergers have hit the crossroads.
 In Big Pine, Calif., a large sign announces: "Permanent Waving and Fish worms."

Artist-A thousand wouldn't buy this picture!
 Onlooker-Well, I'm one of the thousands.

Czechoslovakia's "Ford" of shoe manufacturers will invade Poland.

Price 50c a box

MILBURN'S
HEART
NERVE PILLS

Price 50c a box

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

COLIC

"Babys, I think BABY'S OWN TABLETS are wonderful," writes Mrs. Allan P. MacDonald, Northfield, Ont. "My baby has no more colic pains. It's just like your baby suffer—give BABY'S OWN TABLETS. For colds, fever, upset stomach, constipation. Absolutely harmless. 25c."

Baby's Own Tablets

Protect Bacon Prices

U.F.O. To Present Programme To Imperial Conference

The United Farmers of Ontario will draft a programme or presentation by Hon. Mr. Weir, Dominion Minister of Agriculture, to the Imperial Conference, dealing with matters that are of special interest to the farming community. The U.F.O. as large manufacturers of butter, will seek some assistance in the exportation of their product which has won a place second to none in the dairy world and at prices that will stand a lot of competition.

The U.F.O. has seven factories in Ontario which the organization owns. And two in which they have a substantial interest. The output of these plants is approximately 7,500,000 pounds a year, and of this total over 1,000,000 pounds is made at the Toronto plant.

Some protest will be made against the fluctuation in bacon prices while the price for live hogs remains the same and at the bottom. This has aroused suspicion in the minds of the United Farmers that the packers have a hand in the manipulation of prices on the British market. Some assistance will be asked by livestock men for the export of Ontario hogs to Great Britain which will relieve the Ontario farmer from the independence of the Ontario packing plants.

In the matter of grain shipments farmers are not so much concerned, but with livestock and dairy product it is different. Ontario hopes to have the assistance of the United Farmers of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, in their efforts to secure better conditions for the export of pork products, livestock, cheese and butter.

Boost Fishing Industry

Found That Halibut Liver Oil Can Take the Place Of Cod Liver Oil

Halibut fishermen of British Columbia are benefiting by research of two large laboratories in the United States which have discovered that halibut liver oil is as high in vitamin content as cod liver oil, it is stated. As a result, two prominent pharmaceutical firms are manufacturing halibut liver oil from Pacific coast halibut. Each 10,000 pound catch of halibut brings nearly \$250 additional revenue to fishermen, an amount gratefully received in these days of low fish prices.

Canada's Poultry Wealth

A report recently issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics estimates the number and value of farm poultry throughout Canada for the year 1931 as follows:

Kind	Number	Value
Hens and chickens	61,572,000	\$24,908,000
Turkeys	2,338,000	4,198,000
Geese	804,000	1,458,000
Ducks	160,000	447,000

Air Express Over Alps

The first air express from Crocydon, England, to the aerodrome at Cannes, France, has just been inaugurated. It brings the Riviera within seven hours of London, instead of 36 hours by boat and train. The journey includes a flight over the Alps.

Don't be without Douglas' Egyptian Liniment. Keep it always handy. Relieves toothache, neuralgia, sore throat, quinsy, and croup. Invaluable for burns, sores, Barber's Itch and Ringworm.

Tests of scientists have suggested the theory that sleep is a form of intoxication.

Barcelona, Spain, is wrestling with a serious housing problem.

Sharp Pains In His Heart Nerves In Bad Condition

Mr. Fred J. Chase, Thomson Station, N.B., writes: "I have used Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills with wonderful results. My heart would beat so fast I would have to sit down when at work chopping in the woods. I had sharp pains in my heart when I would lie down at night. My nerves were also in a very bad condition, but after using two boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I feel just fine, and am fourteen pounds heavier than I have been for years."

Canada Fortunate In Offering A Wide Variety Of Attractions In Word's Greatest Playground

The majority of Canadians probably do not realize what a wonderful choice of vacation opportunities this country offers. How many of us in any one province have first-hand knowledge of the wide range of attractions of our neighboring provinces? Many no doubt have gone abroad to seek a holiday, forgetting that our own Dominion is unequalled in the exceptional variety and range of its recreational resources. Surely a country which attracts visitors from other countries by the tens of millions must have recreational features of interest to its own citizens.

It is so easy to travel in Canada that an interprovincial tour is a recreation which every Canadian vacationist may well and profitably undertake. All the developed and

variety of accommodation. On the Atlantic coast, in the provinces of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, are typical sea-shore resorts, where sail-water bathing, sailing and deep sea fishing are the principal attractions. The rugged beauty of this coast and the picturesque charm of the fishing villages, at the head of every inlet, cannot fail to enchant the summer visitor.

Quebec's summer playgrounds are of the most varied nature including as they do, sea-shore, mountain, lake and forest resorts. Along the lower St. Lawrence, summer colonies have been established at many points. North of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Rivers the Laurentian mountains, clothed with pine forests and dotted

Subvention On Coal Amount Payable On Bituminous Coal Shipments To Manitoba Has Been Reduced

The maximum subvention payable on bituminous coal shipments by operators to Manitoba had been reduced from \$1.50 to \$1.20 per ton, Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Mines has announced. The reduction is to place all operators who ship to Manitoba on an equality without endangering the markets to Canadian coal from foreign competition.

Action follows consideration by the minister of representations made by the bituminous coal operators of the Crow's Nest Pass district. It is stated that these representations showed that the subvention order of 1931 placed the southern Alberta coal field at a disadvantage, as compared with the northern field in the Manitoba market.

Acceptances that have been granted prior to April 15, 1932, it is stated, will continue to be in force under the old maximum until the tonnages specified have been shipped.



By Annette



LOADS OF SMARTNESS HAS THIS SNAPPY BLOUSE WITH SLIMMING DIAGONAL CLOSING

And it's a model that can be carried out in a great many different

For instance, here it is in a novelty sheer knitted woolen weave in a rather vivid green shade. The blouse buttons tone with the fabric.

Then again, you may want something a bit more formal as crepe satin in pastel shade.

The rough crepe silks are sportive, yet with more afternoon smartly. And it's the easiest thing in the world to fashion.

And as for the saving in cost—the medium size takes but 2½ yards of 39-inch material.

Style No. 838 is designed for sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

State

Country

The Farm Poultry Flock

Few Departments Of Farming That Give Higher Returns

"Poultry is at last definitely recognized as one of the essential departments of every up-to-date farm where a program of mixed farming is carried on," states George Robertson, Assistant Dominion Poultry Husbandman. "Not only is it recognized as a necessary department of farm work but more and more farmers are coming to realize that for the capital invested and labour involved there are few if any departments that give as high returns. For the mixed farm, general purpose breeds such as the Plymouth Rocks, which are good both for laying and for the production of market poultry, are recommended. A flock of a hundred such birds carefully managed are returning to many a farmer a profit over cost of feed, of from \$200 to \$500 a year, which is something not to be despised by even the most successful farmers."

According to an American professor at the University of Nanking, China, there have been 2,000 families in north and east central China during the past 2,000 years.

Interpretation of the natural resources agreements and Indian treaties in a manner consistent with the generally recognized principles of game conservation was suggested and it was agreed that prohibition of the hunting of wild life from aeroplanes should be made a part of the air regulations.

To Encourage Horse Breeding

Government Assistance To Stallion Owners In Western Canada

In view of existing conditions, as likely seriously to affect horse breeding activities in the three Western Provinces during the coming season, the Honourable Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, has offered a plan of assistance alternative to the club system which has been in vogue.

It is agreed to pay to owners of all stallions that have passed Federal inspection, a grant of five dollars per mare bred, up to a maximum of fifty mares per horse.

A sworn statement will be required covering the list of names of mare owners as submitted by the stallion owner. The grant will be payable at the end of the season. The offer has reference to the present year only, and is calculated to provide a measure of immediate assistance to the stallion owner. In that this grant may be regarded by him as replacing all or part of the service money or first payment due from the breeder, the latter will be indirectly benefited.

All clubs now contemplating, or that have made application, will be advised of this plan which, in brief, provides for the assistance described where difficulty is encountered in club formation. Either plan is available.

Lifboat crews of Great Britain and Ireland saved 269 persons last year.

Urges Government Control Of Production Of Radium From Great Bear Lake Pitchblende

To consider the production of radium from pitchblende ore in the Great Bear Lake as a mining industry employing any large number of men was an "absurdity." This declaration was made in the senate by General A. D. McRae, Vancouver.

After speaking of the recent discoveries in the Great Bear Lake section, and the richness in supply of these high-grade pitchblende, the mother ore from which radium is obtained, Senator McRae declared: "I give these figures to show the absurdity of considering the production of radium from our pitchblende ore as a mining industry. Pitchblende is a medicinal ore, required chiefly for medicinal purposes. But by the greatest stretch of the imagination can it be pictured as an industry which will employ any considerable number of men, or be of great commercial value to the country."

"The silver deposits in this district are phenomenal. As pitchblende is generally associated with silver ore it is possible that when mining is well under way more pitchblende will be produced in connection with the mining of silver than the world then requires, and consequently our government may some day have to make provision for conservation of surplus pitchblende. He would be a very foolish prospector who would now go into the Great Bear Lake district in search of more pitchblende."

General McRae was addressing a crowded chamber in support of his resolution urging government control of the production and distribution of all radium procured from Canadian ores. Appointment of a Canadian radium commission to investigate and recommend at the next session of parliament the best methods of such control—"to give suffering humanity the greatest boon of an ample supply of radium at a moderate cost"—was advocated by the British Columbia senator.

Present control of radium by the "Belgian Trust" at an "excessive price" produced a scarcity of radium, General McRae stated, while more radium were caused by cancer than through any other disease. He considered that the government might well consider reserving all pitchblende from further stakings, and this would not interfere in the least with the mineral development of the North West Territories.

"As to claims already staked, asserted Senator McRae, "it is agreed the holders should be generously treated. However, the government, through its radium commission, must carry on the necessary education and regulate the distribution of radium so as to confine it to qualified users, it will probably be found that the government will either carry on the manufacture under the direction of the department of mines—a very efficient staff—or through the agency of some controlled private corporation, or perhaps under the direction of a permanent Canadian radium commission."

"In this event the arbitrary price at the mines, which, for my immediate calculations, I have adopted as \$100 a ton—five times the gold received per ton by the Lake Shore mines, one of the greatest gold mines in the world—should prove an equitable if not too generous an allowance to the people who have already staked claims. Of course, this is vastly different from the values now being talked. There is 20 tons of this ore now in Ottawa. It will probably produce, if manufactured, two grams of radium worth \$100,000; that is the Belgian wholesale price of two grams of manufactured radium. Surely we are not going to start in on this basis

In Canada, it is unthinkable that we should allow the pitchblende deposits of the Great Bear Lake to be developed on a basis which would enable Canadians to join with the Belgians as exploiters of suffering humanity."

After considerable investigation, General McRae said, he was very much impressed with the seriousness of the present situation in regard to the shortage of radium, "a shortage which is costing the lives of tens of thousands of cancer victims annually." He was enthusiastic of the opportunity which it would appear from government reports that Canada has to step in and correct this world-wide situation and give to suffering humanity this great boon—an ample supply of radium at a moderate price."

The Flax-Seed Industry

Flax Grown Throughout Canada For Seed Rather Than For Fibre

Flax is a crop which is at present receiving quite a bit of attention by farmers throughout the Dominion. There are two principal uses for the crop, fibre and seed. Varieties giving the best fibre are not so well suited to seed production and, at the present time, the bulk of Canadian production is devoted to flax-seed, which has reached an average of over 3,000,000 bushels annually. Some two and a half million bushels of this volume are used domestically in the manufacture of linseed oil. The varieties which are being specially developed throughout the Dominion at the present time are those which offer greater value from the standpoint of quality of seed and high percentage of oil content.—Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Cost Of Education

Britain Spends Huge Sums For Educational Purposes

Nearly £100,000,000 is now being raised from the exchequer and taxable sources for expenditure on education in Britain. Sir Donald MacLennan, president of the Board of Education, told the House of Commons when he submitted the board's estimates.

Sir Donald declared the reduction of 10 per cent. in teachers' salaries effected last autumn was not to be regarded as the government's view of the proper remuneration for teachers under less abnormal conditions. The position would be reviewed when the financial position of the country allowed, he promised.

At the same time Sir Donald reminded the House that British teachers were better remunerated than teachers in Europe.

Get The Right Fertilizer

Good Time To Consult The Soil And Crop Authorities

Never in the history of Canadian agriculture has it been more important for the farmer to be absolutely sure that he is getting the right kind of fertilizer for his crops than at the present time. Grant S. Peart, Chief of the Fertilizer Division of the Seed Branch, observes: "In many parts of Canada the farmer is still old fertilizer as recommended by local agents instead of buying it on the basis of his own knowledge of its proper use. As never before this would appear to be a good time to consult the soil and crop authorities at the agricultural colleges and Experimental Farms before making substantial purchases of fertilizers, because with proper care their use, even in these times of low farm prices, may be made profitable.

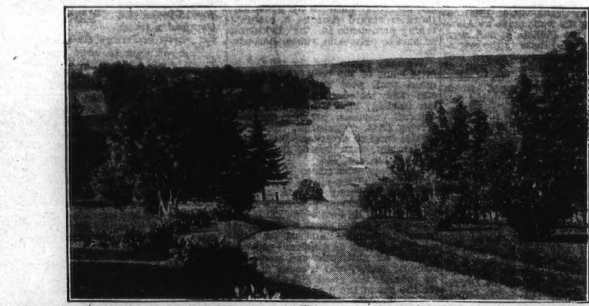
The Chinese turn soy beans not only into bread and milk and cheese, but also into oil for cooking and for lamps.

The new museum of crime in Rome is under control of the Department of Justice.



"I went to the dentist yesterday." "Does the tooth still ache?" "I don't know. He kept it."—Der Brummer, Berlin.

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much of the undeveloped part of the Dominion is easily accessible by train, boat, or automobile. Canada is served by two of the world's greatest railway systems and a number of smaller lines. The equipment and service are of the highest standard. Steamers built specially for pleasure cruising afford many pleasant trips along the coast and on the extensive inland water system of lakes, rivers and canals. A cruise from the head of the Great Lakes to the Maritime Provinces is nearly equal, in distance, to an ocean voyage. Good roads lead to practically all scenic and sporting territories. Canada's road system includes many thousands of miles of surfaced highways, well equipped with direction signs and danger signals. Tourist accommodation, from campsite to hotel, is available almost everywhere.

National and provincial parks in Canada cover nearly 25,000 square miles. They are areas which have been withdrawn from exploitation and are being preserved in their virgin beauty and wildness, for purposes of pleasure and recreation. The largest national parks are in the Rocky Mountains section of Alberta, a region of unsurpassed scenic splendour admirably equipped by nature for all forms of sport and recreation. There are also important parks in British Columbia, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec. Accommodation ranges all the way from large modern hotels, to log cabins and tents. Fishing is one of the chief attractions in the parks, but game animals and birds are rightly protected and their fearlessness never fails to interest visitors.

Throughout the Dominion there are many summer resort districts which offer a wide range of attraction and

with lakes constitute a vast summer and winter playground. The Eastern Townships, which adjoin the international boundary, also have a number of well-established resorts on picturesque lakes and rivers.

Ontario has perhaps the largest number and greatest variety of developed summer resorts of any of the provinces. The Thousand Islands, Lake of Bays, Muskoka Lakes, and Georgian Bay are known throughout America, but there are in addition equally attractive, only slightly less known, districts. Accommodation includes everything from campsite to palatial hotel, and cottages may be rented in any district.

In the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, many attractive resorts are located along the shores of the lakes and rivers. The Canadian Rockies are world famous for scenic beauty and contain some of the most highly developed tourist resorts on the continent. British Columbia, with varied and splendid scenic attractions, is a tourist wonderland. The province has majestic mountain ranges, and extensive lake area, stately forests, an imposing coast line, and many attractive resorts in settings of exceptional natural beauty.

For a number of years the Department of the Interior at Ottawa has been engaged in the promotion of the Canadian tourist industry, more especially the development of tourist travel from the United States to Canada. It is also endeavoring to influence Canadians to spend their vacations in the Dominion. The National Development Bureau of that Department will gladly furnish interprovincial road maps and other information for the use of those planning a Canadian tour, and where necessary will refer enquiries to provincial and local tourist organizations. Applicants should be as specific as possible as to the section of Canada in which they are interested, in order that available information may be supplied.



Many Like Him

A negro applied for a job, and set forth his attributes without too much modesty.

"All right," said the boss, "you can have a job, and as to salary, well, I'll pay you just whatever you're worth."

"Dat's no use to me, nah," said the applicant decidedly. "Ise gettin' no dan dat where I is now."

Back To Nature

"Just fancy grandness," said the girl; I had my second flying lesson today and it won't be long before I'll be able to take you to the country in my airplane."

"You won't do anything of the kind," said her grandmother, grumpy. "When I want to go to the country, I'll go by train, as Providence intended us to."

FARMERS WILL MEET TO DISCUSS ECONOMIC PLIGHT

Winnipeg, Man.—Arrangements are already under way for a conference of western Canadian farm organizations and government with a view to preparing submissions for the Imperial Economic Conference. The meeting will be held in Regina, June 8, and arises out of a resolution passed by the Saskatchewan legislature.

Sponsored by the Premier of Saskatchewan, Hon. J. T. M. Anderson, and his ministers, the gathering as at present planned will consider only the point of view of western agriculture. The provinces of Alberta and Manitoba will be invited to send representatives.

Whether a broadening out of the Regina conference to include agricultural interests of all provinces which would carry out the suggestion of an all-Canada meeting advanced by Onésime Gagnon in the House of Commons, would be considered could not be learned. In general, however, it would not likely meet with much opposition.

United Farmer organizations in all three prairie provinces have recently approached farmer organizations in eastern Canada with a view to getting together to evolve a common policy in the interests of Canadian agriculture.

Advisory Committee On Research Work

To Give Direction To Scientific Agriculturalists Throughout Canada

Winnipeg, Man.—Creation of a new advisory committee on agricultural research to co-ordinate and give direction to the work of scientific agriculturalists throughout Canada was announced Thursday, April 20, by Dr. H. M. Tory, chairman of the National Research Council. He said authority for setting up the committee had been given by the Dominion Government and the personnel would be announced shortly.

The new national committee will be representative of the research institutions of Canada including the agricultural research departments of the Dominion Government. It will meet annually or oftener to review general problems, recommend methods of attack and develop for the benefit of the proper authorities a picture of the agricultural situation.

Designed as a further step to secure co-operation among research organizations, Dr. Tory expects the committee without increasing costs will enlarge the output of scientific research in Canada. He predicted the co-operative plan the national research council has been promoting during the last 10 years would increase the results of research by 30 per cent.

As an instance of the benefits of co-ordinating research work, he said the results now reported in connection with wheat rust might have been delayed for 20 years without the co-ordinating efforts of the associate committee, on field crop diseases.

To Prepare Report

Hearing Of Evidence In Radio Probe Is Completed

Ottawa, Ont.—The future of Canadian broadcasting so far as public submissions are concerned, rests with the parliamentary broadcasting committee which has completed the hearing of evidence started on March 8 last.

The committee will commence private sittings shortly to prepare a report which will be submitted to parliament.

Build Village For Athletes

Los Angeles, Calif.—Like the ghost towns of the old gold rush days in California, there has grown in the Baldwin Hills, near here a cluster of 850 houses in less than three weeks. It is the Olympic village, where some 2,000 of the world's picked athletes will live for a few weeks this summer. The last of the houses has been erected.

French Aviators Beat Record

London, Eng.—The Reuters News Agency reports that the French aviators Goulette and Sali had flown from Le Bourget, France, to Cape Town, South Africa, in 91 hours, or about 22 hours less than the recent record time of J. A. Mollison, British flyer, from Lympne, England. The French fliers arrived at Cape Town April 20.

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Mine Shaft Extended Into Saskatchewan

Fin Flon Development Should Encourage Mining In Province

Regina, Sask.—The shaft of the huge Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Company Mine at the Fin Flon now extends over the Saskatchewan border, according to Major J. Barnett, Deputy Minister of Natural Resources for the Province. Hitherto all the mining for copper, zinc and gold which has been done has been on the Manitoba side.

Major Barnett has returned from a visit to the northland and at the Hudson Bay Junction held conference with field men of the Department on forest fires and other work to be carried out in the north this season.

The extension of the shaft over the Saskatchewan border and the subsequent mining, should encourage smaller mines to start up in the opinion of Major Barnett. The presence of the \$30,000,000 plant of the mining company will enable the smaller mines in Saskatchewan to use the facilities in processing the raw materials.

The mine is now working the full 24 hour shift, and there is considerable activity at that point.

Would Pool Railway Operations

Operating Board To Run The Two Systems Suggested By Conservative Members

Ottawa, Ont.—Following the operations of the Canadian National and Canadian Pacific Railways, with a resultant saving of possibly \$50,000,000 a year, was the suggestion thrown into the budget debate in the House of Commons. The appointment of an operating board to run the two systems as one, with consequent elimination of waste and duplication, was held up as a possible temporary solution of the serious transportation problem which Canada is faced. While operations would be pooled, the roads would remain as distinct entities. The properties would stay just as they are today.

J. T. Hackett (Conservative, Stands) made the suggestion. He declared parliament must "stem the gush of financial life of this country" by grasping any opportunity to solve the problem. His proposal, he asserted, was merely temporary, and he expressed hope that the transportation commission would have some beneficial remedies to offer.

Police Watching Border

To Prevent Unemployed In States From Entering Canada

Ottawa, Ont.—Immigration and customs officials of the Dominion Government with members of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police are closely co-operating to prevent the unemployed of the United States from entering Canada. Provisions of the Immigration and Labor acts will be applied in a strict manner to job seekers who attempt illegal entry into Canada. Some months ago an order-in-council, especially dealing with contract labor, was passed. These provisions, which will likewise be rigidly enforced, are aimed to prevent the entry of people who come to this country under a contract of employment or to negotiate for employment.

Perjury Charge Dismissed

Quebec, Que.—The charge of perjury preferred against Capt. J. E. Bernier, widely known Canadian explorer and navigator, following a complaint made by Raoul Harvey, a seaman, was dismissed by Magistrate Ferdinand Roy recently. Harvey claimed the captain perjured himself when called to testify before the Dominion wreck commissioner's inquiry into the sinking of the s.s. Guide, in 1926.

Trade Treaty With Cuba

Ottawa, Ont.—The Canadian Government is considering entering into a reciprocal trade treaty with Cuba with a view to creating a market for Canadian potatoes. This information was contained in an answer of the secretary of state in the House of Commons to a question of Oscar Boulanger (Liberal, Bellechasse). A request to institute the treaty was received from a group of farmers of New Brunswick.

Ask Tax Removal

Ottawa, Ont.—A large delegation of ice cream manufacturers waited upon members of the government, with a request for removal of the six per cent. sales tax on their product, provided in the budget now before the House of Commons.

Hidden Explosives

Molotov Saves Workmen From Death When He Discovers Sticks of Dynamite

Victoria, B.C.—Fifty sticks of dynamite, with a handful of detonators, have been taken from the middle of the new Mount Douglas road by Saanich workmen and destroyed.

Only the heavy downpour of rain which marked the week-end saved the men from being blown up when one of the workers drove his mactack through the sack of explosives.

The dynamite was buried six inches below the surface of the gravel pit at the crest of the hill. The condition of the sack indicated that the explosives had been hidden about eighteen months ago, at the time when Saanich was carrying out extensive clearing operations on the roadway.

GIVE RESULTS OF RUST-RESISTANT WHEAT TESTS

Winnipeg, Man.—Varieties of rust-resistant wheat which have been tested so far for milling and baking qualities appear to be quite satisfactory in that respect, L. H. Newman, Dominion Cerealist, told members of the associate committee on field crop diseases of the National Research Council, at the second session here of their annual meeting.

The committee is considering the preparation of a statement following this meeting showing the results of tests of rust-resistant wheat developed by the various organizations co-operating in the effort to place such a wheat in farmers' hands. Thirteen varieties of this wheat used in the experiment described to the meeting by Dr. C. H. Goulden, of the Winnipeg rust laboratory, show good results in the length of its straw, in its weight, in its yield per acre, and in the number of days it takes to mature.

Dr. F. J. Greeney, also of the laboratory, reported it had been proved sulphur dust will protect grain from the attacks of rust, although it will not help a plant which has already been infected. He said efficient methods of spreading the sulphur dust had been developed, but they might not come into general practical use here because of economic conditions.

The accurate identification of fungi is an important step in rust research, and a difficult one, Prof. A. H. Buller, of the University of Manitoba, told the members. He suggested better library facilities here would greatly aid the work.

Dr. O. S. Aamodt, University of Alberta, outlined for the committee progress which has been made in testing certain varieties of drought-resistant wheat brought to this country from Russia in 1928. Emphasizing the importance of this branch of research in breeding, he urged further intensive study through practical field tests to be conducted in the varieties which had already been brought out to the segregating generations, and said the cost of equipment for the work would not exceed \$500.

Railway Line Flooded

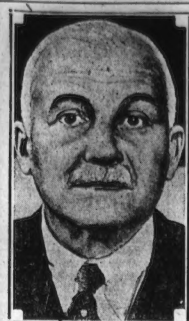
Edmonton, Alberta.—Flood waters from the Athabasca River cover more than a mile and a half of track on the Northern Alberta Railways line to Waterways, on which service has been temporarily suspended.

ANGLO FRENCH CONFERENCE AT 10 DOWNING STREET



M. Andre Tardieu (left), French Foreign Minister, and Premier Ramsay MacDonald, of Great Britain (right), are photographed in a happy mood as they met in the garden of the Prime Minister's residence at 10 Downing Street, London, England. In the background, between the two statesmen, can be seen Right Hon. Walter Runciman, one of the British delegates to the informal conference.

SOVIET PLOT VICTIM



Charging that Soviet Russia is out to ruin him and to destroy public confidence in his enterprises, Sir Henry Deterding, British oil magnate, recently told how Soviet agents by a two-year campaign of lies have attempted to depreciate the value of stock exchange shares. At various times these agents circulated rumors that Sir Henry had absconded, that he was dead, and that he was bankrupt, in order to secure his stocks.

Economic Conference

Parliament To Discuss Matters Pertaining To Important Event

Ottawa, Ont.—Parliament will probably have a discussion on the Imperial Economic Conference shortly. When the vote of \$250,000 to defray expenses of the Empire gathering comes before the Commons, Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett is prepared to set aside a day for members who may wish to give their views, and may himself make a brief statement.

With definite assurances that all parts of the Empire will be represented by prominent delegates at the opening of the conference here on July 21, the "spade" work is being pushed forward. Committees, sub-committees and inter-departmental organizations are hard at work.

Under the supervision of the cabinet and a cabinet sub-committee, departmental committees are gathering essential information and making preparations. "The agenda itself has not been completed. When that stage has been reached, the question whether or not a completed agenda will be laid before the House will depend on what is thought desirable after consultation with all the governments concerned."

Boost Gasoline Price

Toronto, Ont.—One cent per gallon increase in the price of gasoline, effective throughout the greater part of the Dominion, April 21st, was announced here by the Imperial Oil Company. The increase, said to be necessary to offset in part a jump in crude oil prices, affects Ontario, most of Quebec province, and Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta.

Delegates From Russia

Ottawa, Ont.—Extended an invitation to participate in the Fifth Pacific Science Congress, scheduled to meet in Canada in 1933, Russia has accepted the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics will be represented by at least ten official delegates. The congress sessions will be held in Vancouver and Victoria, B.C.

Cattle Export Problems

Will Probably Come Before Imperial Economic Conference

Ottawa, Ont.—Senator Arthur Meighen, Government leader in the Upper House, announced that problems facing cattle exporters would be brought to the attention of the chairman of the committee arranging for the Imperial Economic Conference which meets in Ottawa in July.

Canadian cattle encountered many restrictions when entering the British market, said Senator D. E. Riley, introducing his subject. Nothing would help Canadian agriculture more than the improving of the live cattle trade.

Canadian cattle encountered less favorable conditions in the British market than Irish cattle, he said. A total of 20,000 cattle crossed the ocean last year but the trade could be developed to a greater extent than this, if restrictions were modified. The best opportunity to review the entire trade would be at the conference table.

Organization of the conference agenda was under the supervision of the cabinet said Senator Meighen. Memoranda were being prepared on tariffs, exchange, currency and other topics and he would undertake to bring to the government of the important subject of the cattle trade.

U.S. ATTACKS ON WHEAT POOL ARE REFUTED

Ottawa, Ont.—That the co-operative wheat pool movement in Canada has been selected by propagandists in the United States and improperly cited by them in their fight against the co-operative movement in that country is a matter of regret, and ought not to be allowed to pass without answer. This is the opinion of Hon. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, expressed in a statement made public here.

Referring to articles published in Chicago and elsewhere in the United States to the effect that Canadian wheat pool had accomplished the "ruin of Canadian wheat farmers" who were threatening to "strike against taxation" and talking "secession," Mr. Stevens declared that Canadian wheat pool members still had faith in their co-operative organization and were shipping a large portion of their grain through pool elevators. Furthermore, no losses have been sustained by farmer members of the wheat pools other than that they were disappointed at not obtaining further sums for their 1929 wheat sold through the pools owing to the sudden drop in prices.

"The profits of farmer-owned handling facilities have always been very large, and no doubt will rapidly repay the advances (made by the prairie governments) without any loss to the governments concerned," said the minister.

"The situation in respect to the wheat pools in the three prairie provinces," said Mr. Stevens, "is substantially as follows:

"Three pools, previously operating under a contract with their grower members, have released those contracts from the operation of that contract. The holdings of the wheat pools are gradually being liquidated by the pools themselves as market opportunities afforded, being only assisted by the Dominion Government in their financing. Pools, however, are operating their subsidiary elevator companies independently which are still solvent and are in no danger of liquidation. Certain losses amounting to some \$22,000,000 were sustained by the pool on the 1929 crop, the advance payment to their farmer members proving excessive in view of the slump in the market. These losses were guaranteed by the various provincial governments, according to the provincial interest, in approximately the following proportions: Alberta, \$5,500,000; Saskatchewan, \$13,000,000; Manitoba, \$2,500,000. The provincial governments have made good these amounts to the banks and have negotiated agreements with the pools for the repayment, which will be done out of the earnings of the subsidiary elevator companies and other assets of the pools. To secure themselves, the various provincial governments have taken a first charge over the assets of the pools, namely elevators, terminals, etc., of an approximate value of some \$30,000,000. No losses were sustained by the farmer members other than the disappointment of not obtaining further sums for their wheat sold through the pools. This, of course, is a contractual liability."

RAISING TARIFF WALL AROUND THE BRITISH ISLES

London, England.—The tariff wall around Great Britain, once the leading exponent of free trade, was doubled in height today.

The imports duty advisory committee recommended that a total duty of 20 per cent, be imposed on nearly every type of manufactured goods imported into the nation. The new rates became effective after midnight, April 25. The general tariff law now in effect assesses imports per cent.

The advisory committee authorized under the general tariff act to recommend changes which are put into effect by order of the treasury, described the new tariff policy thus: "For most manufactured goods, an additional duty of 10 per cent, making 20 per cent, in all. On a limited number of others, for which a lower rate seems appropriate, total duty will be 15 per cent, and for certain articles of luxury or semi-luxury character, total duties will be 25 or 30 per cent."

When the new rates become effective, the orders issued under the Abnormal Importations Act, which imposed an ad valorem duty of 50 per cent on certain classes of goods, will be revoked.

The advisory committee treated iron and steel in a separate category, putting a total duty of 33½ per cent on semi-finished steel for a period of three months.

Increased duties in imports to Great Britain, recommended by the tariff advisory committee, will not apply to goods from Canada or other parts of the British Commonwealth, owing to the government's decision that, empire goods shall not be subject to duty at least until after the Ottawa Imperial Economic Conference next July.

B.C. Placer Mining

Would Put Unemployed To Work Panning Gold

Victoria, B.C.—Plans for putting unemployed men to work washing gold in the streams of British Columbia are being shaped at conferences held between the government and officials of the mines department.

Under a scheme discussed in a general way at the recent unemployment conference at Ottawa, it is proposed that unemployed men, who desire to do so, shall be given grubstakes which will enable them to carry on placer operations. They would repay the cost of their maintenance and keep any amounts which they made over and above that.

Mines department officials believe that in many parts of the province men working in small numbers could make enough to support themselves, and many, with luck, could make reasonable wages.

New Zealand Will Censor All Messages

To Prevent Alarmist Reports Being Cabled Overseas

Wellington, N.Z.—A censorship of messages sent abroad will be instituted by the government in order to prevent alarmist reports concerning possible recurrence of disorders in Auckland or elsewhere being cabled overseas. The government has decided to enforce the provisions of the postal regulation which gives this power.

Meanwhile both houses of parliament have passed the government's bill seeking emergency powers to deal with disturbances such as those at Auckland when mobs of unemployed got out of hand and did considerable property damage and looting.

Engineer Dies At Post

London, Ont.—While his 60-minute-hour International Limited passenger train sped along between Kenwood and Strathroy on the Sarnia to London non-stop lap, Engineer Alexander Bond of Sarnia died of heart failure. Fireman S. Falconer of Sarnia brought the train into London 50 minutes late.

To Honor Scientist

Montreal, Que.—Dr. John S. Plackett, director of the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory at Victoria, B.C., will receive the degree of Doctor of Laws at the spring convocation of McGill University, May 28.

Drug Addicts In Canada

Ottawa, Ont.—Every effort had been made in Canada to restrict the drug traffic yet it was estimated there were 8,000 addicts in this country. Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen told the Senate.

Opportunity For Canada

To Supply British Market Regularly With Cured Bacon

In view of the Mother Country's trade deficit in relation to Denmark it is competent for Canadians to urge upon the Conference the facts that Canada is the only overseas Empire country in a position to supply cured bacon; that we have an adequate surplus of grain for hog feed; that we now have a satisfactory foundation stock for bacon-type hogs; and that being comparatively close to the British market there is assurance of regularity of supply.

As Canadian producers hear that British interests are exerting themselves to build up a native hog industry, they need not expect to acquire the whole trade once regarded as the prerogative of Denmark. But to obtain a substantial part of the \$200,000,000 excess of imports from Denmark over exports to that country, would materially aid the Canadian industry, and add to the general stability and prosperity of the Dominion. Canadians will have a right to be disappointed if the humble though vitally important domestic hog does not take a prominent place in the Conference deliberations.

Supports Cattle Move

Minister of Agriculture in Favor of Diversified Farming

Voicing his approval of plans to place livestock on every prairie farmstead in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, a letter has been received from Hon. Robert Weir, Dominion Minister of Agriculture, at the head office of the Dominion Agricultural Credit Co., Ltd., in Regina.

In this communication the federal minister says, "I have always felt that every farm in the west should have enough livestock, cattle, pigs and poultry, to be self-sustaining."

"It is with this end in view that we have enunciated a policy for the distribution of pure strains of grain seeds to farmers when we feel we will grow it for the reproduction of seed so that the price of this seed to the western farmer may be put within every farmer's reach," continues the letter.

"We are also encouraging the growth of shelter belts to enclose say 10 to 20 acres, as a protection for livestock. A thick shelter belt around a small trench or reservoir for water supply should make it possible for any farmer to handle stock in this way."

Applications for obtaining foundation cattle and sheep on credit are now reaching the office of the Dominion Agricultural Credit Co., Ltd., from all parts of Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan.

Coarse Grain Shipment

Full Cargo Of Alberta Oats and Barley Leaves Vancouver For England

What is believed to be the first full cargo of coarse grains to leave Vancouver for foreign markets is on board S.S. "Langlegore," for Antwerp and Rotterdam.

For some time there has been an increasing demand in Europe for neat oats and barley of Alberta, until now it is to a point where a full cargo is being loaded. Smaller parcels have been frequently taken on other grain ships for many months past. S.S. "Langlegore" has loaded 4,330 tons of barley and 2,570 tons of oats. The rate is slightly higher on these coarse grains, because they are more bulky than wheat.

Earn Long Service Medals

C. Jackman, aged 88; his son, A. Jackman, aged 63; and George Lynes, aged 68, who have between them completed 175 years' service on the farm of H. Stille, at Allierbury, England, have been presented long service medals by the Royal Agricultural Society.

The population of Scotland is 4,842,554.



"That doesn't matter as long as she is giving."—Montague, Charlier.

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NOTES ON GARDENING

PERENNIAL CLIMBERS ADD MUCH TO THE ATTRACTIVENESS OF THE HOME

Nothing adds quite as much to the attractiveness of any veranda, or wall as a climbing plant. This acts not only as a screen, giving privacy, but also provides the desired shade and a permanent appearance to the residence by breaking harsh lines and taking away barrenness from featureless walls. In this country more attention might well be paid to climbers. Moreover, if we are only renting our home we should not run away with the idea that climbers are not for use because there is a very generous list of annual climbing plants, as well as those of a permanent nature.

Of course, where one is the owner, a screen that will last indefinitely is advised. In this connection the Dutchman's Pipe, a very broad-leaved plant, is recommended, or we may use the Virginia Creeper, rapid growing and now secured in a variety which is self-clinging on rough surfaces. In the warmer sections of the Dominion, Boston Ivy will grow. In this connection also roses of the rambler type are very satisfactory, providing screens from May until October, and a profusion of flowers during the early part of the season, as well. The semi-climbing Paul's Scarlet Rose is a beautiful type with large flowers on long stems. Trellis work is usually used to support all climbers and particularly the roses, although many of the annuals, as well as Virginia Creeper and Dutchman's Pipe, may be trained on wires or strings.

Ivy does best on the wall. Of these climbers, we have the rapid growing Hops, Scotch Runner and Hyacinth Bean, Morning Glory and Wild Cucumber. The latter is a very rank growing plant and is inclined to spread indiscriminately. Until the perennials have occupied the full space in the bed the vacant spaces may be filled in with annuals such as Sweet Alyssum, in the front, and Gypsophila Elegans, Fuchsia, California, and Shirley Poppies. Annual seedlings such as Petunias, Asters, Clarkias, Zinnias and Verbenas may be used for this purpose about the end of May, and Gladiolus and Tulips also will work in well. For best results in keeping the roses in perennial or shrubby borders, writes Professor A. Tomlinson of the Ontario Agricultural College, "it is necessary to use a hoe, preferably a Dutch or flat type, quite frequently during the growing season. The ordinary hoe is liable to go too deep and usually much more time is required."

A light, deep, sandy loam containing plenty of humus is the ideal garden soil. If ours does not come up to these specifications it can easily be corrected. If too light, dig in straw manure or if the plot is very small add a few loads of clay. If the manure is also added for improving heavy soil, as well as sand and even a light application of coal ashes. Always dig in vegetable refuse such as peas, leaves and lawn clippings. Fertility of this material, plus regular cultivation, will put most soils into ideal gardening condition in a few years, although if the sub-soil is very heavy clay, it may be necessary to install tile under-drainage. Never work the soil while it is moist enough to stick to the shoes. When it crumbles if pressed in the hand, it is ready for the spade, but not before. Too early working will cause even light garden soil to bake later on.

It is advisable to move your vegetables around the garden from year to year, the practice being known as rotation. One vegetable grown in exactly the same location each season will soon exhaust all its particular nourishment required, and may also fill the soil with disease. This is particularly true also of some flowers, especially the gladiolus. Then there are leguminous crops such as peas and beans which add fertilizer to the soil and should be moved around so that the whole garden will benefit. These will offset the inroads made by such heavy feeders as corn, beans and carrots.

Earning His Supper

The New Yorker tells one about a fond mother who sent her twelve-year-old son to boarding-school for the first time early this year and was sufficed with delight when she received her first letter from him a week later. Her emotion was tempered somewhat, however, when she read the letter. It ran as follows:

"Sunday.
"Dear Mother—In this school you have to write home on Sunday or you do not get any supper. It is very near supper time now, so goodbye. With love from JAMES."

A new source of rayon is bagasse, the waste from sugar cane left after the sugar is extracted.

WILL PRINCE ARTHUR RULE JUGO-SLAVIA



Rumor persists that King Alexander of Jugo-Slavia is weary of sitting on a throne, a target for the criticism of his discomfited subjects. Since he suspended the constitution in 1929 and proclaimed himself virtual dictator, King Alexander's life has been anything but a bed of roses. According to reports which have trickled through responsible political channels, a deputation of Jugo-Slavian parliamentarians is even now in London to offer the throne to Prince Arthur of Connaught, son of the Duke of Connaught, and cousin of King George. Prince Arthur is forty-one. He served with distinction in the World War as an officer in the Scots Greys, and after the war was sent to South Africa as Governor-General of the Union. If he should accept the crown of Jugo-Slavia, his wife, Princess Arthur, would automatically become Queen. But before the prince can make any decision, he must have the consent of King George.

Meaning Of Word "Grit"

Depends On Point Of View When Used Practically

It is interesting to speculate upon the origin of words and terms. Take, for instance, the political use of the word "grit." Why should a Liberal be called a Grit? There are two schools of thought upon the subject: one holds that the use of the word proceeds directly from its dictionary meaning, to wit, according to Webster:

Grit: n. (M.E. greet, greet, sand, gravel. A.S. greet, sand, dirt, dust.)

Grit: v.t. to grind, to grate, as to grit the teeth, to irritate.

In the opinion of disciples of this preponderantly Conservative school, Liberalism is as sand in the bearing of the wheels of progress and dust in the eyes of the people.

The other body of opinion rests its case upon Brewer's Dictionary of Phrase and Fable, which defines "clear grit" as originally a piece of American slang meaning the right spirit, real pluck, the genuine article. —Hamilton Spectator.

A Substantial Fare

A taxi driver had a very stout fare and experienced some difficulty in getting her in and out of the cab.

"I'm afraid I'm a bother to you," she said as he was helping her out.

"Not a bit," answered the man, meaning to be gallant. "I like a fare wot steadies the cab."

A new kind of white paper towel resists breakage when damp, with the ordinary amount of twisting and rubbing.

Smart To Be Broke

Many Well-To-Do People Are Reading Poverty

According to R. H. Macy & Co., of New York, it has always been smart to be thrifty, but now apparently we have reached that stage where it is smarter to be broke. Everyone is pleading poverty—often unnecessarily. There is the story of the New York matron with an income she could not spend if she tried, who is said to have explained to a friend that she was sorry to have dismissed her chauffeur.

The step had to be taken, however, despite the fact that he was a nice man and had a wife and three children, because it was imperative that everyone economize at a time like this and she wished to set an example! It is similar psychology which is preventing many men from buying a new car or a new yacht, or having that addition built. They either believe that they are furthering the good of mankind by keeping their excess dollars, or they think that their neighbors will consider them "boasted plutocrats" unless they too do without something which they can very well afford. Anyone buying anything new these days is to be congratulated, not condemned.

Alligator eggs have no shell, but have a transparent, parchment-like cover which yields to pressure of a finger, and returns to shape when released.

"Strange Food Novelists Eat" is the title of a magazine article. But think of some of the strange things they ask their readers to swallow.

Great American Myth

The Current Depression Has Exploded the Self-Supporting Theory

From the point of view of human reactions, the current depression signifies a breakdown of the most respected clichés of American thought. The average American is imbued with an uncritical belief in the eternal rightness of all things American. No American army has ever been bested in any important encounter. Big Business, with all that the phrase implies, has always been considered as right as God and the Constitution. American independence, self-sufficiency, and isolation have never been questioned, while American speed, sports, technical developments, advertisements, and our scale of living in general are the standards of the world.

The depression has cast grave doubts on the validity of many of these beliefs, and proved others utterly incredible and unreliable. For the first time in history, healthy Americans of native stock are starving in the midst of plenty. The vaunted "splendid isolation" and the time-honored detachment of American diplomacy have become untenable principles. Big Business, the last of the American idols to expose its clay feet, has been unmasked as a fraud and a delusion. Men have never questioned the belief that hard work, honesty, and the investment of one's savings in "sound" stocks and bonds would eventually guarantee a comfortable security, are wearily pounding the streets in search of a job. Others who have retained their jobs have developed a panicky slavemaster toward their employers. And to cap the climax, the luxuries and comforts of American living, which have become an almost universal tradition, have completely collapsed. The never-before-questioned rightness of unrestrained competitive individualism has proved itself a fatal boomerang. The great American myth has been exploded.—W. B. Wolfe, M.D., in the Forum, N.Y.

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Apple Shod Be

Addressed As "She"

Mrs. Stanley Baldwin Gives Four Good Reasons

Mrs. Stanley Baldwin, wife of the Conservative leader, thinks the apple properly should be addressed as "she," like a ship.

At a ceremony in London, marking the opening of New Zealand's apple season, she gave four reasons for her belief:

Because the apple was the most desired fruit in the Garden of Eden.

Because it was the medium of showing up Adam as "the first and last in the world."

Because it was the orchard's "maid-of-all-work."

Because, apple pie attracted the more male more than any other dish.

"Watch any dinner when dessert is served," Mrs. Baldwin added. "The men will choose apples and the women will choose pears."

Rock Garden Is Popular

Depends More On Individual Effort Than Any Other Type Of Gardening

"What is it that makes rock gardens so attractive?" asks Dr. W. T. Macoun, Dominion Horticulturist. And his answer to this question is: "One important reason is that the greatest amount of bloom is early in the spring when enthusiasm for gardening is at its highest and when flowers in the garden are most appreciated. Another attraction of the rock garden is that, perhaps, with any other type of gardening, The rocks may be arranged so that they give a very unnatural effect, not to be desired, or they may be placed in such a way that the setting for the plants seems very natural."

Debts For Machinery

Saskatchewan Farmers' Indebtedness To Implement Companies Only Quarter That Of 1915

The indebtedness of Saskatchewan's farmers to implement companies is only a quarter as much as it was in 1915. This fact was brought out when representatives of implement companies gave evidence before the Saskatchewan legislative committee on debt adjustment. Farmers of the province owe \$20,000,000 to machinery companies, 68 per cent. of which is past due, but the average indebtedness of farmers throughout the whole province is only \$166 per farm. Farmer indebtedness for implements now is 50 per cent. lower than it was in 1921, and 100 per cent. lower than it was in 1914.

It is estimated that corrosion of metals in the United States represents a loss of a billion dollars a year.

The Years Of Dependence

Average Boy's Life Half Gone Before He Is Self-Supporting

One of the tendencies of modern civilization is a steady increase of the age of helplessness among young men. A few generations ago, a boy was self-supporting in his teens. Twenty-one was his voting age, predicated on the belief that he was then a mature man.

The average boy graduates from high school at eighteen. A four-year college course brings him to the age of twenty-two, if he has no set-backs. He is then ready for his four years in medical, law or engineering school, at the end of which time he is twenty-six, but not yet ready to practice his profession until after a couple of years as an intern, two years in a lawyer's office or the same time as an assistant to an engineer. Twenty-eight years of age and still dependent on his parents for his daily needs.

Is this wise? The years of dependence have steadily increased until a boy's life is almost half gone before he is ready to live. Half his days are good and he is yet of no service to himself or his fellow men. Half dead and still self-supporting!

Perhaps it is lucky that half our boys have to go to work after high school, so that they may get in a business position to give employment to these college graduates. They have from four to eight years business experience before the over-educated boy gets busy.

College and technical training are a necessity for a professional career. When a boy must work part of his way to get such an education, he is appreciative. The work he does gives him business experience which he needs to turn his education to practical use. Many boys who are dependent on the bounty of their parents until they are thirty years of age, have little chance of success in professions already overcrowded.

At the present rate of increase in the age of dependence, it will not be long until man will be forty years of age before he begins to live! What age did Dr. Osler of Baltimore suggest as the proper time to chloroform a man because his usefulness to the world was at an end?

Thinking educators admit that half the boys who go through college have wasted the four years and all the dollars it cost their parents. These boys would have better gone into business, trade or the arts when they left high school than to have devoted four years to baseball, basketball and football.

All boys are not adapted to a college education, any more than all boys are adapted to medicine, law or electrical engineering. Many of them are victims of parents trying to live over their own lives in those of their children, attempting to make of their boys what they themselves would have liked to have been, regardless of the boy's adaptability to that particular work.

When a boy is adapted to higher education, every opportunity should be given him to acquire it, but there is equal work for educators and parents to discourage long college courses and the time of helplessness in the lives of young men who will make no use of the education when acquired.—Hewlett Magazine.

Alberta Sugar Beets

This year's sugar beet sign-up at Lethbridge, Alberta, is likely to reach 13,200 acres, more than 1,000 acres over the area planted to beets a year ago. This means that additional growers will be allowed to sign contracts for beets this season. The new contract is out and no difficulty is expected in securing plenty of acreage as irrigation farmers everywhere are anxious and prepared to raise sugar beets.

Teacher: "Why is your handwriting so bad, Willie?" Willie: "Well, if it was better you wouldn't like my spelling."

Rio de Janeiro has opened its first automatic restaurant.



"Conductor, will you pull the emergency cord?"

"I can't. My wife is using it for a clothes line!"—Nagels Lustig Welt, Berlin.

FANCIFUL FABLES



W. N. O. 1939

Too Sick for School

Mrs. Dow Says Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored Daughter to Health.

"My daughter was rundown in health, took weak spells and could not go to school," writes Mrs. Anna Dow, Port Daniel, West, Quebec. "While visiting her aunt, a friend told her about a little girl in similar condition who had been completely restored to health by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My daughter has since been taking the Pills, and they have certainly made her stronger. She has lost that tired, sluggish feeling and has never missed one day's school since September. The Pills also gave her a good appetite; her nerves are better and she has more pep. I recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to mothers of daughters with similar troubles."

Never Misses Day From School.

THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

— BY —
MARGARET FIEDLER
Author of
"The Splendid Folly," "The Hermit"
Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

CHAPTER XIX.—Continued.

"The skunk!" muttered Nick wrathfully.

"What's that?"

Claire drew suddenly closer to him, her face blanching. A sound—the light crunching of gravel beneath the foot—had come to her strained ears.

"Nick! Did you hear?" she breathed.

A look of keen anxiety overspread his face. For himself, he did not care; Adrian Latimer could not hurt him. But Claire—his "golden narcissus"—what might he not inflict on her as punishment if he discovered them together?

The next moment it was all he could do to repress a shout of relief. The steps had quickened, rounded the corner of the alley, and revealed—Jean.

"We're mighty glad to see you," remarked Nick, as she joined them. "We thought you were—the devil himself—with a grin."

"Oh, he's safe for half an hour yet," Jean reassured them. "I asked Tucker—the Latimer's butler, who was shipped the ground Claire walked on—and his solicitor is still with him. Otherwise I wouldn't have risked looking for you—smiling. 'I knew Nick was over here, and Sir Adrian might have followed me.'"

"You're sure he hasn't?" asked Claire nervously. "He is so cunning—so stealthy."

"Even if he had, you're doing nothing wrong," maintained Jean stoutly. "Everything I do is wrong—in his eyes," returned Claire bitterly. "That's what makes the misery of it. If I were really wicked, really unfaithful, I should feel I deserved anything I got. But it's enough to be just happy for a few minutes with a friend for whom it would punish me, to—suspect me of any evil. Sometimes I feel as if I couldn't bear it any longer!"

She flung out her arms in a piteous gesture of abandonment. There was something infinitely touching and forlorn about her as she stood there, as though appealing against the hideous injustice of it all, and with a tiny cry Jean caught her outstretched hands and drew her into her embrace, folding her closely in her warm young arms.

Nick had turned aside abruptly, his face rather white, his mouth working. His powerlessness to help the woman he loved had maddened him.

Meanwhile Jean was crooning little, inarticulate, caressing sounds above Claire's bowed head, until at last the latter raised a rather white face from her shoulder and smiled the small, plucky smile with which she usually managed to confront outrageous fortune.

"Thank you so much," she said with a glint of humour in her tones. "You've been dear, both of you. It's awfully nice to—let go, sometimes. But I'm quite all right again, now."



W. N. U. 1930

"Then, if you are," replied Jean cheerfully, "perhaps you can bear up against the shock of too much joy. 'We want you to have a day out.' 'A day out?' repeated Claire. 'What do you mean?'"

"I mean we're organizing a picnic to Dartmouth, and we want to fix it so that you can come too. Didn't you tell me that Sir Adrian was going to be away one day this week? Going away, and not returning till the next day?"

Claire nodded, her eyes dancing with excitement. "Yes—oh, yes! He has to go up to London on business."

"Then that's the day we'll choose. Heaven send it be fine!"—plausibly.

"Oh, how I'd love it!" exclaimed Claire. "I haven't been on the Moor for such a long time."

"And I've never been there at all," supplemented Jean.

"Nick! Nick!" Claire turned to him excitedly. "Did you know of this plan? And why didn't you tell me about it before?"

He looked at her, a slow smile curving his lips. "Why, I never thought of it," he admitted. "You see—explanatorily—when I'm with you, I can't think of anything else."

"Nick, I won't have you making barefaced love to a married woman under my very nose," protested Jean equally. And the shadow of tragedy that had hovered about her a few minutes earlier broke into a spray of cheerful fun and banter.

"You seem very gay today."

The cold, meeting tones fell suddenly across the gay exchange of jokes and laughter that ensued, and the trio looked up to see the tall, lean, black-clad figure of Sir Adrian standing at the end of the path, awaiting their approach.

To Jean, as to Claire, occurred the analogy of a malevolent spider on the watch. Even the man's physical appearance seemed in some way to convey an unpleasant suggestion of remembrance—his long, thin, sharply jointed arms and legs, his putty-colored face, a livid mask lit only by a pair of snapping, venomous black eyes, half hidden between pouted lips that were hardly more than jagged folds of wrinkled skin, his long, lipped, predatory mouth with its slow, malicious smile. Jean repressed a little shudder of disgust as she responded to his sneering comment.

"We are—quite gay," Sir Adrian. It's a fine day, for one thing, and the sun's shining, and we're young. What more do we want?"

"What more, indeed? Except"—boying mocking—the beauty with which a good Providence has already endowed you. You are a lucky woman, Miss Peterson; your cup is full. My wife is not, perhaps—regarding her appalling—quite so beautifully dowered by Providence, so it.

He paused, and as the black, pinpoint eyes beneath the fabled lids detected the slight stiffening of Claire's slender figure, his long, thin lips widened into a sardonic smile.

"Yes, to the truth," he repeated with satisfaction. "That's a husband's duty, isn't it, Mr. Brennan?"—addressing Nick with startling suddenness.

"You should know better than I, Sir Adrian," retorted Nick, "seeing that you have experience of matrimony, while I have none."

"But you have hopes—aspirations, isn't it so?" pursued Latimer suavely. There was an unobtrusive, of disagreeable suggestion in his tones.

Nick was acutely conscious of his keenest aspiration at the moment was to knock the creature down and jump on him.

"We must find you a wife, eh, Claire? Eh, Miss Peterson?" continued Sir Adrian, rubbing the palm of one bony hand slowly up and down over the back of the other. "I'm sure, Claire, you would like to see—intimate—a friend as Mr. Brennan happily married, wouldn't you?"

"I should like to see him happy," answered Claire with tight lips.

"Just so—just so," agreed her husband in a queer cackling tone as though inwardly amused. "Well, get him a wife, my dear. You are such friends that you should know precisely the type of woman which appeals to him."

He nodded and turned to go, gliding away with an odd shuffling gait, and muttering to himself as he went: "Precisely the type—precisely."

As he disappeared from view down one of the branching paths of the shrubbery, an odious little laugh, half chuckle, half snigger, came to the ears of the three listeners.

Claire's face next itself in lines that made her look years older than her age.

"You'd better go," she whispered unevenly. "We shan't be able to talk any more now that he knows you are here. He'll be hovering round—somewhere."

Jean nodded. "Yes, we'd better be going. Come along, Nick. And let us know, Claire."

as soon as you have found out for certain what day he goes away. You can telephone down to us, can't you?" "Yes, I'll ring up when he's out of the house some time," she answered. "Or send a message. Anyway, I'll manage to let you know somehow. Oh!"—stretching out her arms ecstatically—"Imagine a day of utter freedom! A whole day!"

(To Be Continued.)

Delay Branch Line Construction

Parliament To Be Asked To Extend the Time To August 31, 1934

Parliament will be asked to extend the time from August 31, 1932, to August 31, 1934, for construction and completion of a number of proposed Canadian National Railway branch lines. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals, will introduce a bill in the House of Commons to this effect.

The list of branch lines to be covered by the measure is:

From near Unity to near the provincial boundary in townships 36 and 37, in Saskatchewan.

From Neidpath to a point on the Canadian Pacific Railway near Swift Current, in Saskatchewan.

From near Central Butte or Mawer to townships 18 or 19, ranges 10, 11 or 12, west of the third meridian, in Saskatchewan.

From Ridgedale, Saskatchewan, 30 miles toward The Pass, in Manitoba.

From St. Walburg, Saskatchewan, to Bonnyville, in Alberta.

From near Bulwark to townships 38 or 39, range eight west of the 4th meridian, in Alberta.

From the Dundas subdivision, near Brantford, to a point on the Dundas subdivision, near Galtville, in Ontario.

From Hemaruka to Scapa, in Alberta.

From near Westminster to a point on Lulu Island in British Columbia with branches therefrom.

From a point on the Sudbury branch to a point in the Township of Fairbank, in Ontario.

From Sunnybrae to Guysborough, in Nova Scotia.

From near Swift Creek to a point near Tete Jaune, in British Columbia.

Allies Of Doctors

High Temperatures From Fever Protect Body Against Disease

Fever, once viewed with alarm, now are listed among the physician's allies by Dr. Robert A. Reimann, of the University of Minnesota.

Dr. Reimann told delegates to the sixteenth annual meeting of the American College of Physicians the change from the nineteenth century to the twentieth century attitude toward fever followed much careful experimentation.

High body temperatures were revealed by these experiments, he explained, as a protection against attacks by disease organisms.

The reason he gave in substance: Fever changes the chemistry of the plasma, or body fluids, in blood and tissue. The change increases the viscosity of these fluids, makes them more thick and sticky and increases their power to gather the disease organisms in motionless clumps. Thus bactericidal distribution is restricted.

The Friend Of All Sufferers.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is a valuable remedy for all those who suffer pain. It holds out hope to everyone and realizes it by stilling suffering everywhere. It is a liniment that has the blessing of half a continent. It is on sale everywhere and can be found wherever enquired for.

Milk Does It

Children Of Public Schools In Britain Are Healthier Than Those Of 20 Years Ago

Children are leaving British schools today healthier and fitter than the children of 20 years ago, Sir Donald MacLean, president of the Board of Education, told the House of Commons.

On the other hand, said Sir Donald, employers were complaining of the physique of many young men.

Nearly 1,000,000 children in the elementary schools are receiving at least one glass of milk a day through the school.

Japan expects to develop an annual production of 1,000,000 tons of steel in Manchuria.

PURELY VEGETABLE
No better corrective exists today
for
BAD COMPLEXION
AND ACID STOMACH
Sold everywhere in
25c and 75c red tins.

CARTER'S PILLS



Do each vegetable up in its own bag of Ganapar Cookery Parchment. There won't be any odor, not even from cauliflower. All the food values and flavor will be retained. And you use only one burner turned low for cooking. The flavors will not mix!

Do the same with boiled or steamed fish. You'll be delighted with the results. No fatty odor in the kitchen. No saucepan or kettle to clean up. When roasting meat, line your pan with Ganapar. Fat and juices won't burn. No more scraping or scouring of the pan afterwards.

You can use Ganapar repeatedly by simply rinsing it off and hanging up to dry. It doesn't absorb odors. Makes a perfect dish cloth. Silky, strong, and doesn't spread dirt. Made by the makers of the famous FABRICAT Heavy Waxed Paper in the Green Box.

Special Offer
Most grocers, druggists and department stores sell one full size package of Ganapar Cookery Parchment and your 100 recipes for "Leftovers".

Name _____
Address _____
My dealer is _____

Applied Food Products, Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario.
Enclosed find 25¢ for which send me one full size package of Ganapar Cookery Parchment and your 100 recipes for "Leftovers".

Canada To Be Envid

Much Better Off In Every Way Than United States

The city of Detroit has reached the same position as Chicago, Philadelphia and New York in reaching itself unable to obtain enough money to pay municipal employees and carry on public services.

This is but one indication of the rapid descent of the United States from unexampled prosperity to unprecedented economic depression.

No such condition prevails in any of the large Canadian cities, yet New York bankers insist on holding the Canadian dollar at a severe discount. There is proportionately less gold in Canada than there is in the U.S., but it is a fact that there is also proportionately much less unemployment.

Approximately one-sixtieth of the population in Toronto must receive its food at present by means of a House of Industry line-up. But that is far from being as bad as the situation in a Chicago suburb where daily long lines form up at a city dump in search of food.

Discover Small Fortune

B.C. Family On Relief Learn Of Bank Balance Long Forgotten

Members of a local family who have been very hard-pressed financially, and dependent on unemployment relief, found an old bank book in a garret trunk. They were advised by a friend to forward it to the bank on the chance that there might be a little balance.

Recently they were advised by the Bank of Commerce branch at Nanaimo that there was \$1,290 standing to the credit of one of the elder members of the family who had forgotten about the account.

Britain's Income Tax

One of the amazing features of the British statement is that which discloses the sum which Britons paid in income tax. It amounts to well over \$1,000,000,000. One billion dollars for forty million people! Canada's taxes are high. But last year the total of taxation taken from the British people exceeded \$3,500,000,000.

A pliable rubberized material, resembling leather but not greatly affected by moisture, has entered the field as a competitor of leather.

American internal combustion engines are being used on farms in Latvia.

Be natural, borrowed garments seldom fit well.

Non-Stop Flight Across Canada

Vancouver Sun To Sponsor Flight From Montreal To Vancouver

The Vancouver Sun has announced that it is sponsoring a projected non-stop flight across Canada from Montreal to Vancouver on June 21 next by two Vancouver aviators, R. B. Storer and B. R. Ronald. Refueling contacts are planned at Winnipeg and Calgary.

If successful the flight would be the first non-stop across Canada and the first attempt at refueling in the air for a long-distance hop in the Dominion.

Storer and Ronald plan to leave Vancouver early in May and fly to Montreal by easy stages.

They expect to leave Montreal at 8 o'clock in the morning of June 21, taking advantage of the long daylight hours, to make the flight from dawn to dusk.

Flying westward with the sun they hope to make the distance in 21 hours and land here around 6 o'clock in the evening, Pacific Standard Time.

An additional advantage in flying westward is in avoiding the necessity of taking off at sea level with a heavy load of gasoline to make the long climb over the Rockies.

The air-line distance from Montreal to Vancouver is 2,500 miles. The first stage to Winnipeg is 1,100 miles, where the first refueling would be made around 11 a.m. The next stage, Winnipeg to Calgary, should be completed late in the afternoon, with a final refueling for the hop over the Rockies.

The stated purpose of the flight is "to demonstrate the practicability of a 24-hour mail service across the Dominion."

The plane to be used is a taper-winged Waco, three-place bi-plane, powered with a 220 horse-power Wright Whirlwind nine-cylinder radial engine with a cruising speed of 135 miles per hour. Extra gasoline tanks are being added to the plane. It will be named "The Vancouver Sun."

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST
By Aline Michaels

MY THOUGHT OF YOU
There is no need to kneel
And make abject appeals
To voice the urge I feel.

No need is there to praise
The beauty of your ways
The triumph of your days.

You are so good, so true,
How can I ask for you?
God guide in all you do!

Your feet have been so sure,
Your heart has been so pure,
So valiant, to endure.

You need no fond desire,
No love's bright beacon fire
To guard you from life's mire.

Your spirit is so fair,
So wise, past all compare,
My thought of you is prayer!

By order of Mussolini no one employed by the state will work on Sunday.

Persian Balm promotes daintiness, charm and beauty. It is unrivaled in its magical effect on the skin. Swiftly absorbed by the tissues, it leaves never a vestige of stickiness. Delightfully cool to the skin. Stimulating and invigorating. Softens and makes the hands flawlessly white. Subtly fragrant. Imparts youth and loveliness to the complexion. Persian Balm is the inevitable choice of the woman who cares.

With reference to a newspaper statement that a harpist has been known to earn as much as £200,000 in a season, an old lady writes suggesting that some of these musicians are overpaid.

A statue of Sir Ernest Shackleton, the Polar explorer, has just been erected outside the Royal Geographical Society's headquarters, London, England.

HEADACHE

A hard day at the office, and a headache homebound bound. All for the want of two little tablets of Aspirin. Don't be helpless when you suddenly get a headache; carry Aspirin with you. The pocket tin doesn't take up any room, but what a comfort when it's needed!

Faligue will frequently bring on a headache. It lowers the vitality and invites a cold. Take Aspirin and throw it off! Don't wait until you are miserable. There is nothing in Aspirin to hurt the heart or upset the stomach or harm the system in any way. You Aspirin is made in Canada.

Follow the proven directions to be found inside each package. They cover colds, sore throat, headache, toothache, neuritis, neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago or rheumatism, muscular pains, and other pains and aches for which these tablets are a positive antidote. Keep your pocket tin filled from the bottle of 100 tablets. Every drug store has Aspirin in bottles, as well as the familiar little box.

Aspirin is made in Canada.

TRADE-MARK REG.

ASPIRIN

TRADE-MARK REG.

TRADE-MARK REG.

TRADE-MARK REG.

TRADE-MARK REG.

TRADE-MARK REG.

TRADE-MARK REG.

TRADE-MARK REG.

TRADE-MARK REG.

TRADE-MARK REG.

J. M. JOHNSON General Blacksmith
Carstairs, Alberta

NEW LOW PRICES:

Sharpening Share and Polishing	25c
Point and Sharpen Share	75c
Disc Sharpening, each	14c

No Specialty but all Work Guaranteed.
"LIVE AND LET LIVE PRICES"

J. M. JOHNSTON
Carstairs Alberta

CONFIDENCE

Farmers who do business with this company are confident of safety, of good treatment and efficient service. This is based on the Company's record and reputation and the experience of western farmers during more than a quarter of a century.

Your U.G.G. Agent has been appointed an official representative of the Country Guide, and can take your subscription or renewal.

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD
Elevators at:—Crossfield, Cochrane, Beiseker

\$3,000.00

GOOD YEAR PRIZE CONTEST

Anyone from a family where a car is owned may enter, except tire dealers, employees of rubber companies and the families of both.

See the six Goodyear Tires of various sizes, types and ply-thicknesses on display here. Then estimate the number of cords in each of these tires, find a total, and divide by six to obtain the average. You may examine, too, a section of tire cord fabric also on display. Submit your estimate on the standard entry blank which is free. No other requirement. You don't have to buy anything.

Closing date: June 5th, 1932. Address: "The Goodyear Supertwist Cord Contest," New Toronto, Toronto 14, Ontario.

HOW MANY SUPERTWIST CORDS



IN THE AVERAGE GOODYEAR TIRE?

Crossfield Garage

Come in and see Supertwist Cords demonstrated and get a helpful booklet of contest directions.

Church of the Ascension (ANGELICAN)
Sunday, May 1st.
Sunday School - 10.00 a.m.
Evangelism - 7.30 p.m.
Please note that evening service will be held on the first, third and fifth Sundays of the month and morning service on the second and fourth Sundays. At other times by arrangement and notice in this paper.

Mail Trains Change Time
On and after May 1st, the mail trains will be as follows:
Going North-No. 523 leaves at 9.40 a.m.
Going North-No. 525 leaves at 5.28 p.m.
Going South-No. 524 leaves at 1.24 p.m.
Going South-No. 526 leaves at 5.28 p.m.

CORRECTED
The farmer was escorting the newly-arrived boarder, a young city lady, from the train to the farmhouse, when all at once she spied a small herd of calves in a field near by.
"Oh," she cried, "look at the little cowlets!"
Grinning, the farmer replied: "No Miss; them's bullets."

MADDEN
The C. S. E. T. and C. G. I. T. Concert will be given in the Community Hall, Madden, on Friday, May 6. Adults 35c, children 20c.

CROSSFIELD MEAT MARKET
Under New Management
Your patronage solicited.
Quality Meats and low prices.
We Have Bargains Every Day. Watch Our Bargain Counter.
We Buy Eggs and Hides
Highest Prices Paid
ALL MEAT AT CITY PRICES
Crossfield Meat Market
Steve Klejko, Prop.
Phone 52 P. O. Box 201

Now Open for Business
IN THE
OLD JESSIMAN SHOP
General Blacksmithing
Horsehoe and Woodwork
Done at Reasonable Prices.
Acetylene Welding a Specialty
Our Motto:
SERVICE AND SATISFACTION
M. J. ELLIOTT

EVEN THE DOG RACES ARE FIXED
Wm. Urquhart recently received a letter from Ivor Lewis, and it is evident that Ivor and Mrs. Lewis are enjoying their visit to the Old Country.
Ivor has been attending the dog races regularly—both horse and dog races—and writes that the races are run just as crooked there as in Canada. For instance, if a trainer does not want his dog to win a certain race, he gives him a feed of liver shortly before race time, and bets his money on the next best dog.
Mr. and Mrs. Lewis have been to see Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Jones, now living in Wales, and formerly residents of the Crossfield district.

Board of Trade Notes
It is expected the committee of Public Affairs will be in attendance at the monthly Town Council meeting on Monday next to discuss final arrangements with the council for the erection of the fence at the nuisance grounds.
The President of the Board of Trade has not been seen around during the past week, but we presume he is delighted over the million dollar storm.
The Entertainment Committee are making arrangements for the speaker at the next luncheon.
We would point out to members that business pertaining to the welfare of the community as well as having the privilege of having worth-while speakers is a part of the programme at these luncheons.
The Board of Trade is for Crossfield and district as a community which means something more than a name—it signifies progress which cannot be done without co-operation amongst ourselves.
To become a member of the Board of Trade, cost a little money, which is spent wisely, and furthermore, stays in your community.

SAYINGS OF OTHERS
Fred Stevens: When a man gets religion he gets narrow minded.
Geo. Huser: I think it is just as important to kill the gophers as it is to destroy noxious weeds.
Wm. Urquhart: I can't see how some of these business men can expect to do business without advertising.
Dr. Whillans: This is the first time to my knowledge that a snow storm has turned into rain in Alberta.
Henry Sivert: Talk about moisture, why it was so wet here one year that we didn't put in any crop at all.
Thos. Tredaway: We have the foundation for a bumper crop which should put a stop to the blue ruin talk.
Wm. Blackadder: What would we do during this storm if it wasn't for the C. P. R. The Government should keep these heavy trucks off the highway entirely.

Garnet Onell: The snow storm of 1919 was far worse than this storm, as it was accompanied by a blizzard and extreme cold and the loss of live stock was heavy. The snow drifts in 1919 were high and as the weather turned warm, the snow quickly melted and ran off into the low spots, but today the snow is melting slowly, going into the ground, doing a world of good.
The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies Aid of United Church will be held at the home of Mrs. Young on Wednesday, May 4th, at 3 p.m.
Councillor Chris Amussen was marooned on his farm for several days during the storm but was able to return to town on Monday. Chris ran out of tobacco which was a hardship indeed.
Hugo Ballam has disposed of his flock of White Leghorns, and recently purchased 150 Rhode Island Red day-old chicks from the Provincial Hatcheries, Calgary. Hugo has built a good chicken pen and is going to raise some real birds even though hen fruit is worth next to nothing at the present time.
Mrs. Jas Robertson was forced to spend several days longer in Calgary than she anticipated owing to the storm, but on arriving home the first of the week, it was a great satisfaction to her to find that there had been no loss of stock at the Robertson Ranch or in the district. The daily press announced on Saturday that there had been considerable loss of stock in the Crossfield district.
Plenty of Moisture
Alberta's real old fashioned "May" snow storm descended on the southern part of the province on April 20, accompanied by heavy rains which lasted five days. Hundreds of miles of telephone and telegraph wires were flattened and snow piled 10 to 15 feet in many places. The temperature was not so low as usual and practically no loss of stock is reported. The moisture is very welcome and assures the farmer a real start for their crops.

The Crossfield Chronicle
ESTABLISHED 1907
W. H. Miller, Manager and Editor
Published at Crossfield, Alberta
Subscription \$1.50 Per Year
U.S.A. Points \$2.00
Local advertising

Monthly Contract 25c. per inch.
All advertisement changes of copy must be in hands of printers by noon on Tuesday or no change made or advertisements cancelled.

THURSDAY, April 28th, 1932

Local and General
F. T. Baker is in Calgary this week on jury duty.
W. McRory was a visitor in Calgary over the week-end.

A slight improvement is reported in the condition of Hughie McFadyen.
Jim and Chas. Aldred have leased the R. M. McCool section east of town.

The town school re-opened after being closed on Thursday and Friday during the worst of the storm.

The weekly half-holiday starts on Wednesday, May 4th. All stores in Crossfield will be closed.

Mrs. A. T. Anderson, Mrs. Currie's sister and young baby, are visitors at the rectory.

Mr. and Mrs. Callhoun who have been layed up with the flu, are able to be up and around again.

The snow drift in front of Wm. Urquhart's residence was the largest in town, and on Friday was a good ten feet high.

Rex Howery, Bottrell farmer is seriously ill with pneumonia. His condition is critical.

Carl Becker was a visitor in town over the week-end. Carl and his father are building a bungalow for Mrs. Cowan on her farm near Balzac.

On Friday, May 20th in U.F.A. Hall by the South Calgary United Church Young People a play called the "The Nut Farm" will be presented under the auspices of the Anglican Church.

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MAILS DELAYED
The mail for Madden which goes out on Friday morning, left here on Monday afternoon, when Mr. Tidball and a helper, with a team and democrat, did a whole lot of shovelling to get through.
Mail for the rural route east of town was held over from Saturday until Monday, and at that Mr. Seville earned his money all right.

LEYDEN & BRUCE
Funeral Directors
Private Ambulance in Connection
Phone M 9101
1707 Second Street West
W. H. Miller, Agent, Crossfield

DENTIST
Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
218a, 5th Ave. W., opposite Palace Theatre, Calgary.

Mr. J. A. HARRY MILLICAN
of the firm of Millican & Millican, Barristers, Solicitors and Notaries, 900 Lanarster Building, Calgary, will best Tredaway & Springsteen's office, Crossfield on Saturday of each week for the general practice of the law.
MONEY TO LOAN PHONE 3

Dr. S. H. McClelland
Veterinary Surgeon
Honorary Graduate Ontario Veterinary College
Office—McClelland's Retail Drug Store. Phone 3 Crossfield

Council Meetings
The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary Treasurer on the first Monday of each month commencing with February at the hour 8 o'clock p.m.
By Order of the Village Council.
W. McRory, Sec.-Treas

Walter Major
Contractor and Builder
Estimates Given Plans Prepared
Alterations a Specialty
Box 54 Crossfield

All Kinds of TINSMITHING WORK
Neatly, Cheaply and Efficiently Done.
Repair Work will receive immediate attention.
J. L. McRory
Crossfield Alberta

Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE—Brunswick Gramophone, cabinet style, with records. A bargain. Apply to MRS. E. DEVINS.

FOR SALE—Good potatoes at 65c per 100 lbs. Apply to Clarence Hlevens, Phone 115

FOR SALE—Quantity of 1930 Garnet Wheat. Apply to Mrs. C. Cowling Phone R508

FOR SALE—7 ft. International Duck-foot Cultivator; also a Gang Plow; both in good condition. Apply to T. Tredaway, Crossfield.

Cockshutt Repairs
Anyone wanting repairs for Cockshutt implements call at the M. J. Elliott, blacksmith shop.
T. Tredaway, Cockshutt Dealer

MADDEN Blacksmith Shop
On and after April 15th. the following prices will be charged:
Sharpen Shares . . . 25c
Point and Sharpen . . . 1.00
Laying heel and sharpen . . . 75c
General Repairing and Wagon Work a Specialty.
Prices Right.

J. FAIRBAIRN : Madden

Sid Jones
HARNESS MAKER
Shoes and Harness Repaired
FOR CASH
Trea Building Crossfield

Canadian Legion B.E.S.L.
Crossfield Branch
Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Fire Hall at 8 p.m.
Visiting Comrades Welcome.
A. MONTGOMERY J. CROCKER
President Secretary

H. J. JOBSON
AUCTIONEER
25 Years' Experience.
BALZAC ALBERTA
Dates can be arranged with T. Tredaway. Phone 25 Crossfield.

for your refreshment

Brewed In Alberta - Traditionally Good

Canada's Finest Malt Beverages

—PURE, SPARKLING WATER from the glaciers of the Rockies
—HIGHEST GRADE MALT from the prairie-grown barley
—CHOICE HOPS from British Columbia, combine to make these beverages—
"A TRIBUTE TO THE ART OF SKILLFUL BREWING"

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